SB31, an extract of *Pulsatilla koreana*, has been tried as an antitumor agent by traditional medicine practitioners in Korea for the past 30 years.

SB31 was evaluated for cytotoxic and antitumor activity against a variety of cancer cell lines. The SB31 exhibited 5-6 fold less cytotoxic activity against normal mononuclear cells (ED$_{50}$, 1.1 mg/ml) than against cancer cell lines (ED$_{50}$, 0.14 – 0.19 mg/ml).

SB31 exhibited significant antitumor activity at a dose of 0.3 ml/20g against two transplantable murine tumor model, Sarcoma 180, and Lewis lung carcinoma (LLC) with inhibition ratio of 50.1 %, 65.8 % respectively.

SB31 when administered i.p. at a dose of 0.2 ml/20g, showed more potent antitumor activity on human NCI-H23 lung, HT-29 and COLO205 colon tumor xenografts in nude mice with inhibition ratio of 86 %, 73.7 % and 78.9 % respectively than that of Adriamycin (62 %, 63.3 %, and 40.4 %) used as a positive control.

SB365, active component, was isolated from the extract of *Pulsatilla koreana* by in vivo antitumor assay-guided separation. SB365 did not show significant cytotoxic activity against a variety of human tumor cell lines at 10 μg/ml, while exhibited potent antitumor activity at a dose of 6.4 mg/kg on BDF1 mice bearing LLC cells with inhibition ratio of 82.9 %. This result indicate that the SB365 might be a suitable candidate as an ideal anticancer agent.

Phase II clinical trial of SB31 and preclinical trial of SB365 are currently underway.

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[OD-7] [ 10/18/2002 (Fri) 16:30 – 16:40 / Hall B ]

Identification of a new analogue of sildenafil from functional food for penile erectile dysfunction

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Any food additive as a chemical synthetic compound, whose criteria and standards are not notified publicly and foods using an food additives containing such a chemical synthetic compound or foods containing it shall not be sold, or manufactured, imported, processed, used, prepared, stored, transported, or displayed for the purpose of sale. Some food manufacturers have illegally added drugs to foods not notifying this. Moreover, structure-modified new drugs could be added. But it is almost impossible to detect these by ordinary laboratory inspection. Thus the study about the identification of analogues of pending drugs is imminent.

This study deals with a new analogue of sildenafil which was illegally added to some functional food for penile erectile dysfunction. Its structure was established by various NMR spectroscopic techniques (including DEPT, COSY, TOCSY, HMQC, HMBC) and HRFABMS. Because of additional methylene group to sildenafil, it was given the name homosildenafil, and this has never been reported previously.

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[OD-8] [ 10/18/2002 (Fri) 16:40 – 16:50 / Hall B ]

Simultaneous Profiling Analysis of Urinary Organic Acids and Amino Acids by Gas Chromatography and Gas Chromatography–Mass Spectrometry for Biochemical Diagnosis of Inherited Metabolic Disorders

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