Acanthoside-D, one of major components of Acanthopanacis Cortex, is known as a ginseng-like substance. It has been known to possess diverse biological effects. Acanthoside-D has a furufuran lignan structure and the synthesis of which poses interesting and often unsolved propels of stereocontrol. Although a few interesting syntheses providing this natural product have been reported, an intermolecular McMurry coupling - intramolecular Mitsunobu cyclization route has not yet been explored. We report here a short and efficient synthetic pathway to the total synthesis of Acanthoside-D from aryl aldehydes and methyl acrylates via Baylis-Hillman reaction, intermolecular McMurry coupling and intramolecular Mitsunobu cyclization as key reactions.

[PD1-50] [ 2003-10-10  14:00 - 17:30 / Grand Ballroom Pre-function ]

Synthesis and biological activity of novel substituted pyridines and purines containing 2,4-thiazolidinedione
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Type 2 diabetes is characterized by high level of blood glucose and insulin and impaired action. In recent years, the treatment of type 2 diabetes has been revolutionized with the advent of thiazolidinedione (TZD) class of molecules that ameliorate insulin resistance and thereby normalize elevated blood glucose levels. These TZDs are synthetic, high-affinity ligands of peroxisome proliferator activated receptor-gamma (PPARγ); a member of the nuclear receptor family that controls the expression of genes in the target tissues of insulin action. Shortly after the launch of the TZDs, several reports of treatment-related toxicity have been published. Rosiglitazone, the second launched TZD is a potent ligand of PPARγ and shows efficient insulin sensitization in type 2 diabetes patients. Even though, rosiglitazone has been associated with liver, cardiovascular and hematological toxicity. In order to synthesize novel TZDs with better safety and efficacy, we designed and prepared a series of novel TZD compound containing substituted pyridines and purines group using LUDI program and molecular modeling study. Based on these results, we modified the substituted pyridines and purines with TZD moiety (Entry No. 6a-d, 12a-e, 18a-d, 23a-c). We evaluated their effect on triglyceride accumulation in 3T3-L1 cells and their hypoglycemic activity in genetically diabetic KKA, mice in vivo. On the basis of their biological activities, 5-(4-2-[N-methyl-(5-phenylpyridin-2-yl)amino]ethoxy]benzy)thiazolidine-2,4-dione (6d) was selected for further evaluation and is presently under further pharmacological studies.

[PD1-51] [ 2003-10-10  14:00 - 17:30 / Grand Ballroom Pre-function ]

Synthesis and Anti-cancer Activity of Indirubin Derivatives as the CDK Inhibitors
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The cyclin-dependent kinases (CDKs), a group of serine/threonine kinases that form active heterodimeric complexes binding to cyclins, are key regulators of the cell cycle. The role of cyclin dependent kinases(CDKs) in cell cycle regulation has stimulated an interest in them as potential targets for proliferative diseases such as cancer, psoriasis, and chemotherapeutic agent-induced alopecia. Indirubin, an active ingredient of a traditional Chinese recipe Danggui Longhui Wan, are potent CDK inhibitors competing with ATP for binding to the catalytic site of the CDKs. In this study, we synthesized several indirubin analogs and evaluated them for their inhibitory activities. Among the indurubin derivatives tested in cytotoxic activities against several human cancer cell lines compared to Ellipticine, AGM 011 displayed equally high cytotoxic activity with an IC50 value of 1.2 mM against human stomach cancer cell line.

[PD1-52] [ 2003-10-10  14:00 - 17:30 / Grand Ballroom Pre-function ]

Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Allylamine Type Antimycotics