

Trend of Monitoring Methods of Wavelength Division Multiplexed Optical Networks

(W.R. Lee) WPON
 (S.H. Cho) WPON
 (B.K. Kim) WPON
 (J.D. Park) WPON
 (B.H. Kim) WPON

(WDM -PON)
 (link) (monitoring)
 , AWG, FBG, tunable filter , pilot tone
 가 , electrical processing

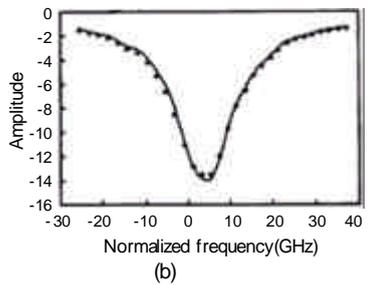
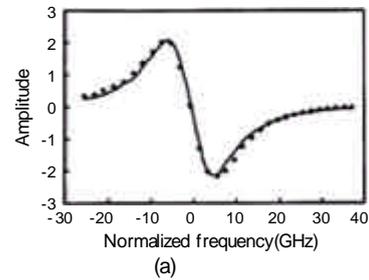
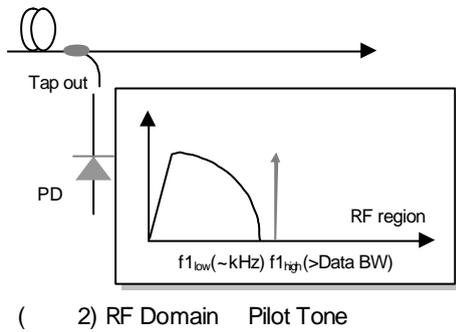
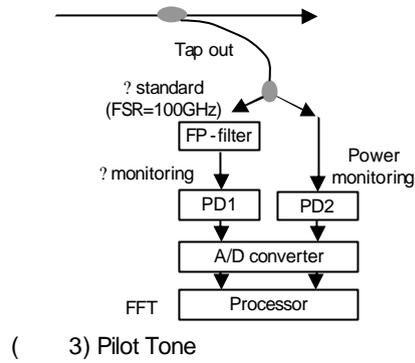
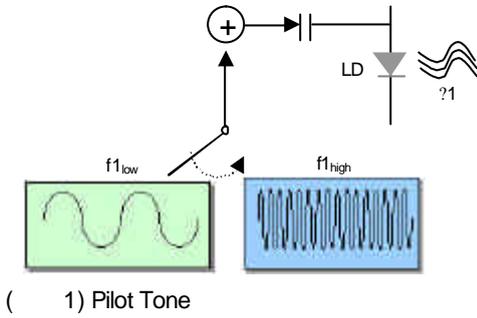
I.

가 가 가 가 가
 가 가 가 WDM -PON
 가 가 가
 가 가 , FBG(Fiber Bragg Grating) AWG(Arrayed Waveguide Grating), tunable filter
 가 (Passive Optical Network: PON) 가 , electrical processing

가 (Wave-length Division Multiplexed Passive Optical Network: WDM -PON) 가

II. Pilot Tone

aging WDM -PON (GHz) 가 (kHz) (pilot tone)
 , MUX DMUX pilot tone



[1],[2].
 가 pilot tone PD
 가 . ,
 pilot tone 가
 . ,
 PD (2)
 RF pilot tone
 [3].
 pilot tone
 [4]. (3)
 tap-out tap-out

(4) Pilot Tone Etalon Filter
 FFT
 FSR(Free Spectral Range)
 (Fabry-Perot etalon filter)
 PD A/D
 (4) Fast Fourier Transform
 (FFT)
 etalon filter
 FFT (1)

$$S(w) = \sum_n \frac{DP_n}{4p} \left[\left\{ -\frac{Dv_n}{M_n} \sin(\mathbf{f}_n) T'(v_n) + j \left(\frac{Dv_n}{M_n} \cos(\mathbf{f}_n) T'(v_n) - T(v_n) \right) \right\} \mathbf{d}(w - w_n) \right] \quad (1)$$

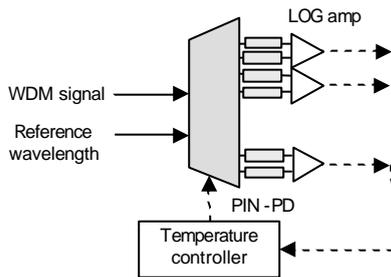
4(b) etalon filter peak
가 가
(4(a))
100GHz 16
 $\pm 0.5\text{dB}$,
 $\pm 3\text{GHz}$ 가

log Amp ()
6(b) . Log Amp
AWG
가 ,
1nm AWG $\pm 0.5\text{nm}$
AWG
dynamic
range가 가 [6].

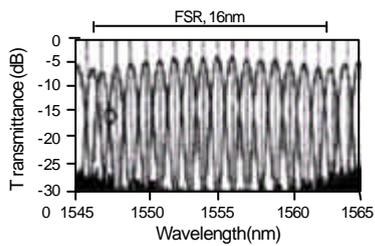
III. FBG, AWG, Tunable Filter

1. AWG

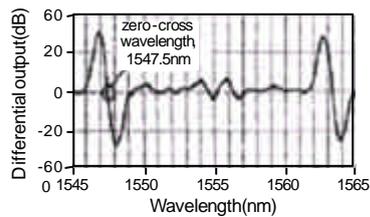
(5)
AWG [5],[6].
AWG



(5) AWG



(a)



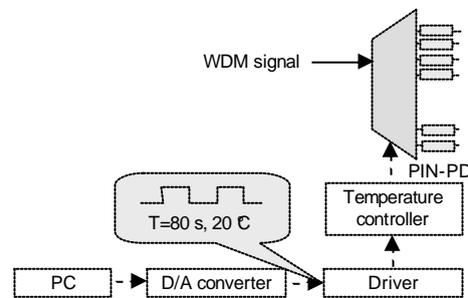
(b) Log amp

(6) AWG

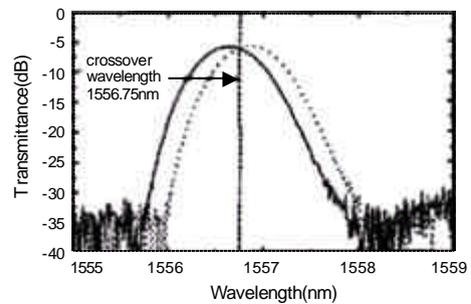
AWG AWG
20

[7]. AWG
(8)

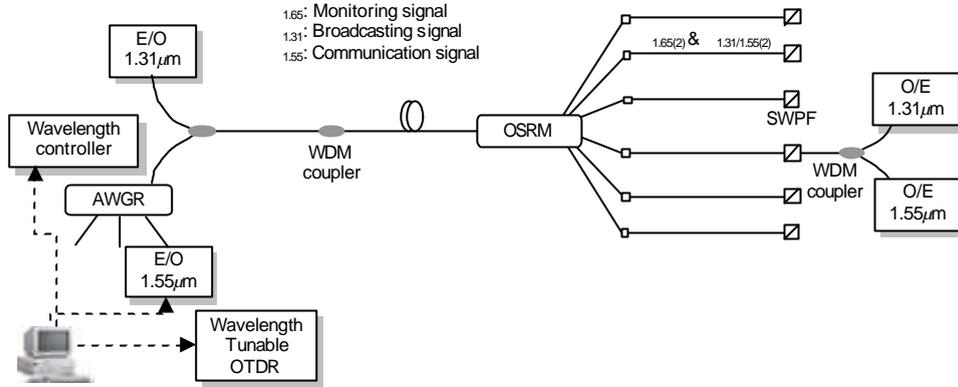
AWG



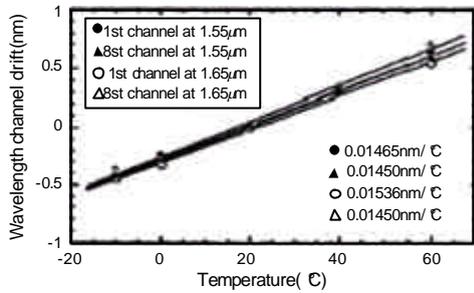
(7) AWG 20 C



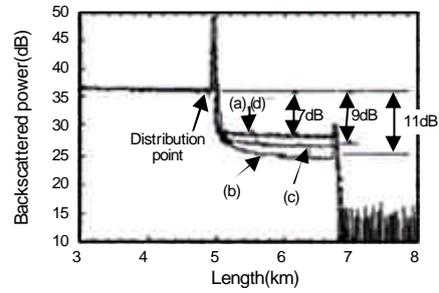
(8)



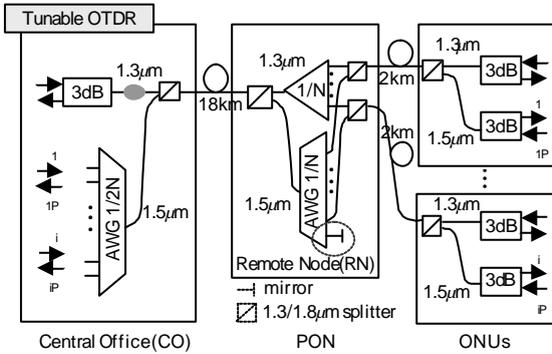
(9) OTDR



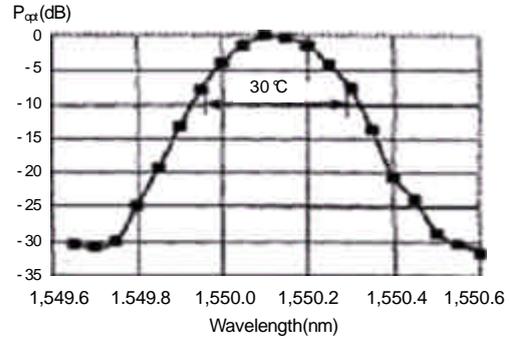
(10)



(11) OTDR : (a) 25 1.6481 μm, (b) 40 1.6481 μm, (c) 40 1.6482 μm, (d) 40 1.6484 μm



(12) Tunable OTDR



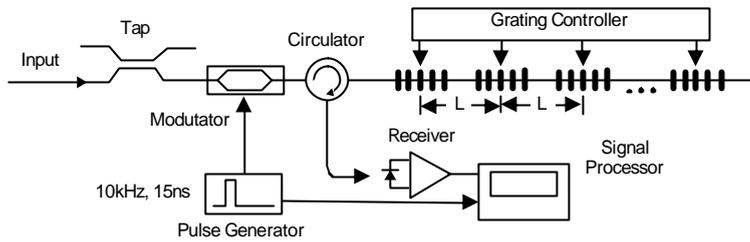
(13) AWG

(9) Tun-able Optical Time Domain Reflectometer(OTDR) AWG LD

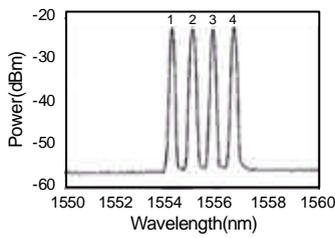
가 , 1.5μm

[8]. OSRM 1.3μm 1.6μm OTDR 가
1.5μm . (10)

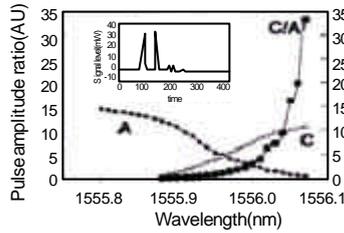
AWG . 1.3μm 1.5μm 1.6μm



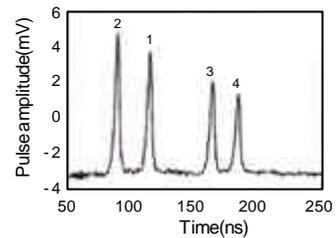
(14) Grating



(a)



(b)



(c)

(15)

가

FSR

AWG

2. FBG

(11) OTDR

AWG

(14)

FBG

[10].

(12)

가 tunable

FBG

delay

가

OTDR

[9].

FBG

circulator

가

가

(Time Division Multiplexed Passive Optical Network: TDM-PON) WDM AWG

pulse generator

가 WDM-PON

FBG

resolution

tunable OTDR
port reflector

AWG null

가 FBG

AWG

FBG

OLT

가 가

FBG

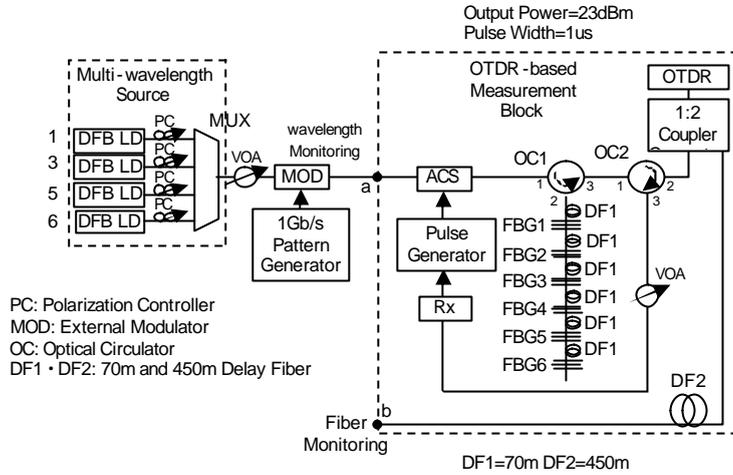
resolution 가

가

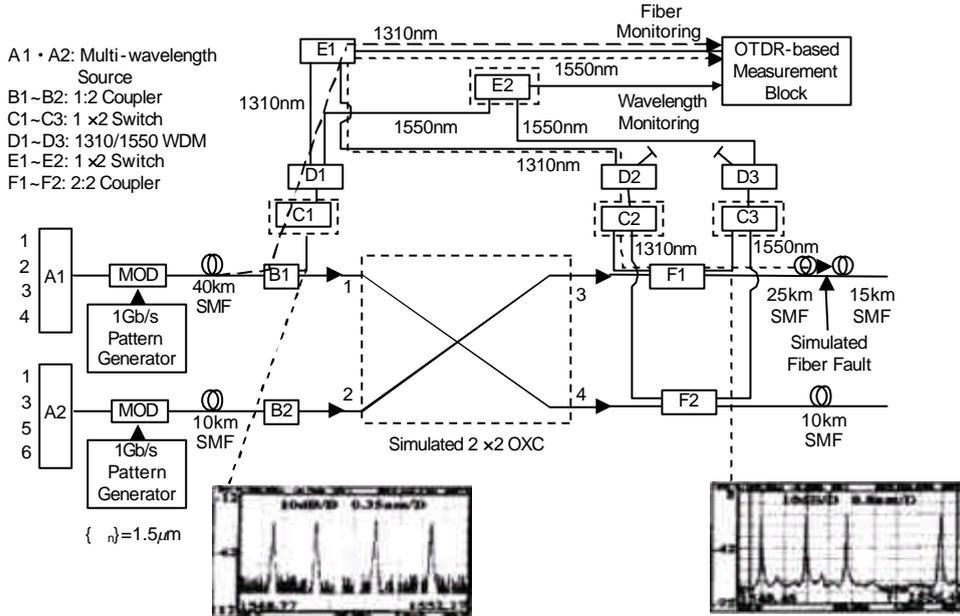
13) tunable OTDR

null port

(15)



(a) WDM



(b) OXC

(16)

가

FBG
AWG

FBG

3. Tunable Etalon Filter

(16)

가 가

[11].
OXC

pilot tone
AWG

(16(b))

가 (17) 가 tunable etalon filter [12]. 가 , 가 ±1GHz

$$f=(T_{if}-T_{i0})C_f+f_0$$

(18)

가 가 가

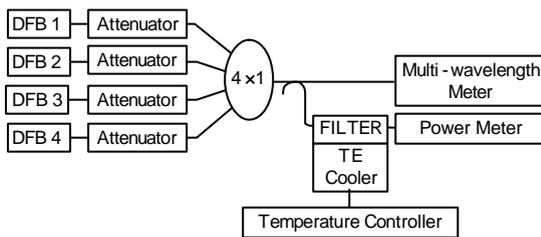
FSR 80GHz
100GHz

< 1>

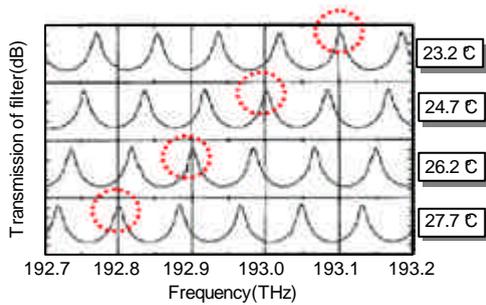
가

가

etalon filter



(17) Tunable Etalon Filter



(18)

< 1> Tunable Etalon Filter

	Channel number, j		1	2	3	4
	Frequency(THz)		193.1	193.0	192.9	192.8
Temperature $T_1()$	1	27.0	0.23121	0.00324	0.00149	0.00218
	2	28.4	0.00321	0.23605	0.00333	0.00159
	3	29.8	0.00152	0.00307	0.22542	0.00371
	4	31.2	0.00217	0.00148	0.00301	0.22131

IV. Electrical Processing

(19) tap-out arm

optical dispersive delay

medium

delay

PD

delay . Electrical delay sweep

가 arm

integration (20)

[13].

가

optical dispersive delay medium

delay

delay가

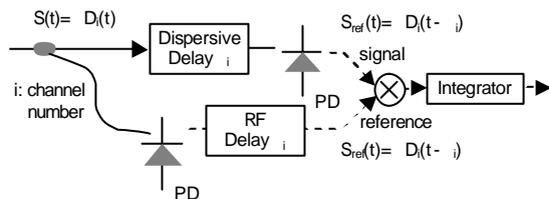
optical dis-

persive medium

delay

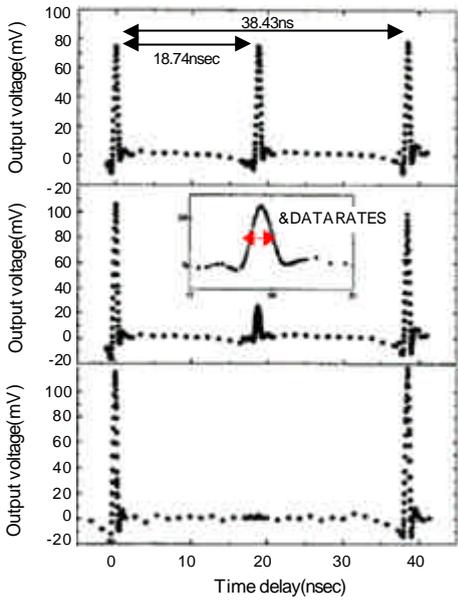
(

20)

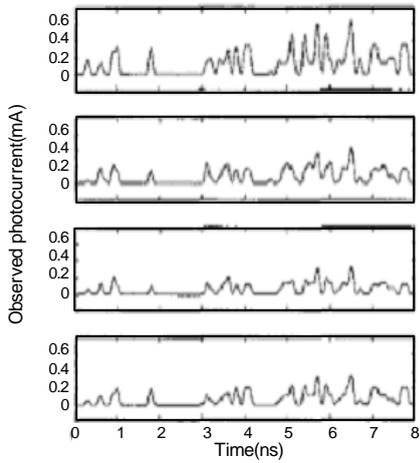


(19) Electrical Processing

scope
 (21) 가
 WDA(Wavelength Dependent Attenuator)
 PD
 Blind Signal Separation(BSS)
 [14],[15].



(20) ()



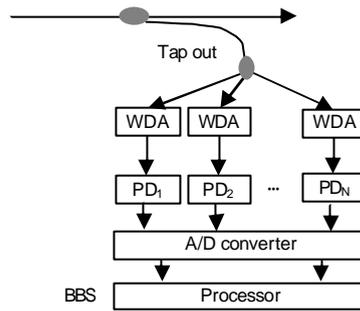
(a) WDA

(22) BSS

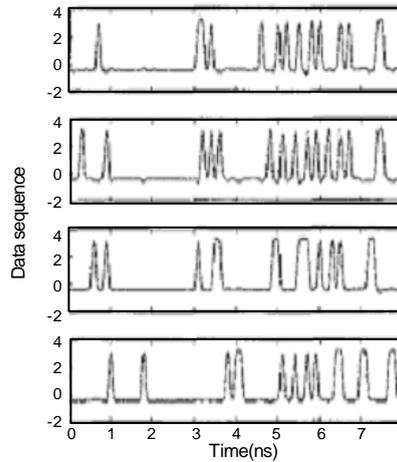
WDA
 , N WDA가
 WDA
 . WDA가 WDA
 WDA

가
 (22(a)) WDA
 , (22(b)) BSS
 4

V.



(21) WDA BSS



(b) BSS

가

가
 pilot tone , FBG AWG,
 tunable filter
 , electrical processing
 . Pilot tone
 ,
 ,
 ,
 electrical processing
 가 가
 ,
 가
 ,
 WDM - PON

[1] G.R. Hill, "A Transport Network Layer Based on Optical Network Elements," IEEE J. Lightwave Technol., Vol.11, No.5, 1993, pp.667-679.
 [2] R. Gaudino, "WDM Channel Equalization Based on Subcarrier Signal Monitoring," OFC, 1998.
 [3] Y.C. Chung, "Optical Monitoring Techniques for WDM Networks," OFC, 2000.
 [4] K.J. Park, "A Simple Monitoring Technique for WDM Networks," OFC, 1998.

[5] M. Teshima, "Multiwavelength Simultaneous Monitoring Circuit Employing Wavelength Cross Over Properties of Arrayed-waveguide Grating," Electron. Lett., Vol.31, No.18, 1995, pp.1595-1597.
 [6] M. Teshima, "Analytical Estimation of Measurement Error Performance of Multiwavelength Simultaneous Monitoring," Electron. Lett., Vol.33, No.19, 1997, pp.1645-1647.
 [7] S.Y. Kim, "WDM Channel Wavelength Monitoring by Periodically Modulating the AWG Temperature," OFC, 2002.
 [8] Kuniaki Tanaka, "In-service Individual Line Monitoring and a Method for Compensating for the Temperature-dependent Channel Drift of a WDM-PON Containing an AWGR Using a 1.6um Tunable OTDR," ECOC, 1997.
 [9] U. Hilbk, "High-Capacity Upgrade of a PON by Means of Wavelength-Routers and WDM Techniques," ECOC, 1997.
 [10] C. Randy Giles, "Concatenated Fiber Grating Optical Monitor," IEEE Photon. Technol. Lett., Vol.10, No. 10, 1998, pp.1452-1454.
 [11] C.C. Lee, "Simultaneous Optical Monitoring and Fiber Supervising for WDM Networks Using an OTDR Combined with Concatenated Fiber Gratings," IEEE Photon. Technol. Lett., Vol.13, No.9, 2001, pp.1026-1028.
 [12] S.K. Shin, "A Novel Frequency and Power Monitoring Method for WDM Network," OFC, 1998.
 [13] L.E. Nelson, "Optical Monitoring Using Data Correlation for WDM Systems," IEEE Photon. Technol. Lett., Vol.10, No.7, 1998, pp.709-711.
 [14] E. Tangdiongga, "WDM Monitoring Technique Using Adaptive Blind Signal Separation," IEEE Photon. Technol. Lett., Vol.13, No.3, 1998, pp.248-250.
 [15] Yumang Feng, "WDM Monitoring Through Blind Signal Separation," OFC, 2002.